## THREE HURLED INTO ETERNITY

Second Terrible Accident at the Rich Railway Crossing Near Richmond.

Mrs. Henry Ganz and Two Children Instantly Killed by a Passenger Train While Attempting to Cross the Track.

Hamilton County Farmer Gored to Death in the Presence of His Wife.

Three Men Charged with Murderous Assault -Featherweights Griffin and Smith to Fight for \$6,000 at Roby To-Night.

ITS SECOND BATCH OF VICTIMS. Mother and Two Children Killed at a Dan-

gerous Railway Crossing.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RICHMOND, Ind., July 9.-This evening train No. 8, on the Indianapolis division of the Pennsylvania railway, due here at 7:40, killed Mrs. Henry Ganz and two children, John and Mary, aged, respectively, fourteen and twelve years. The accident happened at what is known as the Rich crossing, just outside the western limits of the city. The train was coming down grade at a rapid rate, being a few minutes late, when Mrs. Ganz and children, who were returning to their home, near the Insane hospital, attempted to cross the track. The carriage was wrecked and all three of its occupants were killed instantly, the boy having the top of his skull torn entirely off.

The crossing is one of the most dangerous in the State, the wagon road and railway each being in a cut, making it impossible to see an approaching train. About five years ago three persons named Rich were killed at the same crossing in a similar manner, and it has singe been called the Rich crossing. This accident cost the company about \$40,000, and since that time it has kept a flagman there, but he is not on duty during the night. The three persons killed this evening comprised the entire family of Henry Ganz, a well-to-do gardener. He is overcome with grief.

FARMER GORED TO DEATH. Ellis Hodgin Tossed on the Horns of

Jersey Buil Till Life Was Extinct. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. NOBLESVILLE, Ind., July 9.-Ellis Hodgin, a farmer, residing four miles southwest of Westfield, was gored to death to-day by a Jersey bull. A boy, learning of the attack, attempted to drive the brute away by using a pitchfork, but failed. The wife then, learning of her husband's peril, fired at the bull with a revolver, without effect. The bull continued tossing its victim till life was extinct, and then it walked away. The deceased was a son of ex-County Com-

Prof. A. W. Hodgin. THREE AGAINST ONE,

missioner Henry Hodgin, and a brother of

Charged with Murderous Assault for Trying to Throw Man and Wife Into a Well,

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. GREENSBURG, Ind., July 9.-Last evening Sheriff Meek arrested David Swinton, George Maple and George Morrison, of Saltcreek township, charged with an assault to commit murder. It seems that Michael Brogan was living on the lands of Swinton, and a dispute arose as to the rights of the parties. Swinton filed an injunction suit against Brogan, but Brogan won the suit. Brogan returned home, and, while watering his stock, was assaulted by the above-named parties with sticks, clubs and knives, and a general fight, with three to one, resulted. It is claimed they caught Brogan and were in the act of throwing him in a well, when his wife rushed to the husband's rescue, and in their desperate effort and madness they attempted to also pitch the wife in the well, and would have done so but for the sudden appearance of Henry George, a near neighbor, who persuaded the angry parties to desist. Brogan left the battlefield with his clothing badly cut and with a slight wound on the left side, inflicted with a knife. One of the arrested parties stated that Swinton had agreed to pay their fines if they got into trouble. They gave bond

TO-NIGHT'S FIGHT AT ROBY.

Johnny Griffin and Soily Smith to Battle for a Parse of \$6,000. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

for their appearance in court.

CHICAGO, July 9.- Johnny Griffin, the Baintree lad, and Solly Smith, the Pacific coast champion, will meet to-morrow night in the arena of the Columbian Athletic Club at Roby, Ind., for a purse of \$6,000 and the feather-weight championship of the world. Fanciers of ring sport and those notably interested in the boxing art have gathered here from all parts of the country to witness the most important contest which is to pave the way for the greatest feather-weight battle possiblethat between the winner and George Dixon. The latter is here to personally defy the victor of the match. Champion Jim Corbett will be the club's special guest, and from the ring is expected to make a statement as to his position in the Corbett-Mitchell matter and the disputed scene of the coming battle. Corbett will then enceavor to refute the slurs and imputations of Judge Newton and the Coney Island

To-morrow afternoon, at 3 o'clock, Smith and Griffin will meet for the first time since the articles of agreement were signed. They will come together at the office of the club to weigh in. The scales will be balanced at 122 pounds, and if peither pulls up the weight the men will immediately start for the battle ground and there await the sound of the gong. It has been decided that Griffin will be seconded by Jimmy Carroll, Dan Creedon and Dr. Nat Howes, while Joe Choyneki and Seward Smith will go into Smith's corner. Prof. James Rovertson and the club's physician, Dr. Davis, to-day visited both the principals, and found them in weight and physical trim.

END OF A LONG STRIKE.

Planing Mill Men and Carpenters Will Return to Work After Nine Weeks of Idleness. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., July 9 .- The strike of the planing mill men and union carpenters. which has been in progress here for nine weeks, will be declared off to-morrow morning, and all who can secure their old positions will do so. The unions have lost, and it is a hard blow at organized labor, which is very strong here. The mill men wanted nine instead of ten hours work, with a slight advance per hour. The union carpenters had no grievance, but went out was a young man well known.

through sympathy. These men will now THINKS CHOLERA MAY COME have to work ten hours in future, a loss of one hour per day, nine hours constituting a day's work in the past. This strike involved bundreds of others, painters, plumbers, bricklayers and other classes being thrown out of work because the building of consequence was brought to a stand-still.

Church Dedication at Anderson. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ANDERSON, Ind., July 9.—This has been a

gala day in Anderson for the members of St. Mary's Catholic Cherch. The corner stone of their new structure was laid with ceremonies belitting the Bishop Rodamacher, occasion. Nashville, Tenn., officiated, being assisted by Father Mulcahey, of this city; Father Beigh, of Elwood; Father Campion, of Logansport, Father King, of Union City; Father Schmidt, of Muncie, and Father Webber, of Indianapolis. Pending the event mass was celebrated at 8, 9 and 10 o'clock. Every train into the city was laden with visitors, and by noon thousands of strangers thronged the streets. The parade formed at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and the line of march took it through the principal streets and to the site of the new church edifice. In the crypt of the stone were placed copies of the Anderson daily papers, the Indianapolis Journal and Sentinel, the Catholic Record, manuscript with the names of President Cleveland and Cabinet, the Governor, State and city officials, together with souvenir coins of different countries and the names of the present officials of the church from the Pope to his subordinates. The structure is of Rengan architecture, 66x125 feet, built of pressed brick and stone, surmounted by a tower 1:0 feet high. The interior will be handsomely finished and appointed, at an estimated cost of \$50,000.

United Mine Workers Sued for Damages. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., July 9.—Benjamin Watson, a Sullivan county miner, has brought suit for \$10,000 damages against the United Mine Workers of America. He alleges that because he failed to sign the check-off for his dues when being paid his wages he was expelled from the local lodge, which demanded of the company that be be discharged. The company refused and a strike resulted. At the end of the week the men returned to work, but the drivers refused to haul the coal he

Boy Drowned.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. COLUMBUS, Ind., July 9.- In White river, just south of this city, at 3 o'clock this afternoon, Josiah Wentworth, aged fourteen, was drowned while in bathing. A number of companions were with him, but they were so excited that they failed to render him any assistance. The body was recovered in water eight feet deep an hour later and brought to the home of his widowed mother in this city.

Opposition to Aiding an Electric Railway. MARTINSVILLE, Ind., July 9.-After a long and bitter legal fight the County Commissioners yesterday ordered an election in Washington township to vote \$48,000 worth of stock in the Indianapolis & Martinsville electric railway. The opposition will carry the matter into court, asking an injunction, if the proposition is voted.

T. P. A. Post Organized.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. VINCENNES, Ind., July 9 .- A post of the Travelers' Protective Association of Amer ica was organized here last night, with membership of twenty-five, with Spencer G. Lane as president, and W. C. Harris as secretary. The post was instituted by E F. Keller, of Logansport, State secretary and treasurer.

Storm at Valparaiso. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

VALPARAISO, Ind., July 9.-A terriffic wind and rain storm struck this city from the northwest at 6.3) this evening. I came up suddenly and uprooted trees. blowing down trees and leveling houses in the course of destruction. It seemed that the city was on the outer edge of the storm.

Perrin Bested by Connors.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 9 .- Jimmie Connors, of Boston, defeated Billy Perrin, of Frankfort, Ind., at 1 o'clock this morning, fourteen miles north of this city. Connors knocked Perrin but in the tenth round.

GENERAL WEATHER BULLETIN.

Forecast for To-Day. WASHINGTON, July 9 .- For Indiana and Illinois-Fair; variable winds; warmer in extreme northern and extreme southern portion of Illinois. For Ohio-Fair; variable winds; slightly

warmer in northern portion.

Local Weather Report INDIANAPOLIS, July 9. Time. | Bar. | Ther. | R. H. | Wind. | Weather. | Prec. 7 A. M. 30.09 70 68 North Cloudy 7 P. M. 30.02 82 36 North Clear Maximum temperature, 87; minimum temperature, 66. The following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation for July 9, 1893:

Normal.... 0.00 Departure from normal...... Excess or deficiency since July 1 -0.16 Excess or deficiency since July 1 \*20 Excess or deficiency since Jan. 1 -363 C. F. R. WAPPENHANS. Local Forecast Official.

A Yacht's Battle with the Waves. NEW YORK, July 9 .- The racing yacht Queen Mab, whose long disappearance on her trip from England to this country caused so much anxiety among vachtsmen before she was finally reported from St. Georges, Bermuda, was towed into port today. The little craft passed through some rough gales. One of her crew was lost and two others were saved only by the bravery of their comrades. Outwardly, her rough passage is shown in paintless bull, broken rails, the absence of her two life boats and a general disordered appearance. In the cabin, broken doors, overturned furniture. displaced water tanks and wrecked pautical instruments give evidence of the battle with wind and waves, which nearly ended

carried off prize after prize in the English

the brilliant career of the boat that had

Boys Mangled on the Track, POTTSVILLE, Pa., July 9 .- While a party of boys were crossing the trestle of the Pennsylvania railroad at the lower end of town, this evening, they sat down on the tracks to view a coal train passing underneath on the Reading railroad. The noise of the latter drowned the approaching Le-bigh passenger train from New York, and before the boys were aware of it the train was upon them. Ira Sallade was cut in two and killed. Fred Suter had both legs badly mangled and was seriously injured about the body and head. He cannot possibly recover. The other boys escaped in-

Robbed His Bank of \$21,000.

FALLS CITY, Neb., July 9 .- The State Bank at Shubert, a small town south of here, has failed. Yesterday the examiner investigated the bank. The cashier had gone, leaving a statement that be was \$21,-000 short, having spent that amount on the Board of Trade. He said he preferred to leave his family to going to the penitentiary. Cashier Argobright is also the treasurer of the American Bond Company. The stockholders will pay all debts. Argobright

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder .- No Ammonia; No Aium.

Used in Millions of Homes-40 Years the Standard.

waters.

Miss Kenealy Warns New Yorkers to Prepare for the Asiatic Pest.

She Says the Disease May Make Its Appearance in the Crowded Tenement Districts of the Metropolis at Any Time.

NEW YORK, July 9 .- Miss Annesley Kenealy, appointed judge of the hygenic section of the world's fair by the ladies' committee of the royal commissioners, arrived here, yesterday, on the steamship New York, from Southampton. Miss Kenealy is widely known in medical circles. She is lecturer on technical education to the British county councils, and has contributed many important medical papers to different journals. Miss Kenealy was surprised at the stringent quarantine regulations which exist here.

"Quarantine is, of course, necessary." she said, yesterday, "but it seems to me that it is overdone here. I do not think that cholera could make deep inroads in this country, and if it does appear here it would take only a short time to stamp it out. The prevailing, and I think the best treatment for cholera, is the saline injection. In Hamburg it was used extensively, saving 60 per cent. of adult cases and 50 per cent, of children. As much as two quarts were injected at one time. The fluid is of the same specific gravity as the blood, and is injected warm. Hot baths and warm, stimulating drinks are administered at the same time. It is a simple and efficient

"You need not be a bit surprised if you have cholera right at your doors in the fall or before," said Miss Kenealy. "You were very fortunate last year in escaping it, but I fear you cannot this year. What I say to you may be unpleasant, but it is best to be warned in time. There are already two thousand cases of the disease in Mecca, and it is getting a big footbold in France. You have been told over here that it is impossible to contract the disease unless you receive the germs in your stomach. Experience in the Hamburg epidemic proved the fallacy of this proposition. I acted as nurse in a hospital where there were two thousand patients. We noticed that every Monday morning there was an alarming increase in the number of new cases. It soon became evident that these were largely due to the congregation of persons at the courches, beer gardens and other resorts. So convinced of this became the authorities that they ordered the people to avoid assembling so far as possible. The churches were closed and so were the other resorts. There was a diminution in the number of cases at once.

"I would like to ask those who contend that cholers cannot be contracted except through the digestive organs to explain how it was that it used to take six months for caravans to bring in the disease from India, while to-day it comes along in five weeks. The germs of the scourge can be carried in the clothing. Of that abundant proof was furnished at Hamburg. True it is that filth caused the disease to spread and bad water and food helped to increase the number of victims.'

"Do you think cholera germs have lain dormant in this city during the winter and are likely to seize upon persons at any time?" she was asked.

"I have no doubt of it. You need not be astonished if the disease make itself manifest in the crowded, filthy tenement districts at any time. Your peop e are packed together in this big city so that I wonder how you can breathe. I wonder that you have not had cholera already this season. I am not an alarmist by any means. I am only anxious lest you may be caught napping. The disease may come over on any French steamer. It is practically stamped out in Hamburg, I think."

SUNDAY BALL GAMES,

Cincinnati Turns Defeat Into Victory in the Last Inning-Louisville Bats Hard. The National League ball games were well attended yesterday. At Cincinnati

the home club carried off the victory in the ninth inning with two men out. Two bases on balls and a pair of singles did the business. Chicago won from Washington. McGill permitted the visitors to make five runs in the fourth inning, but after that pitched more effectively. The batting of the Louisvilles was terrific and the Brooklyns went all to pieces. Crane was knocked out of the box in the second inning and Stein fared a like fate in the third, Lovett taking his place. For Louisville, Rhodes was taken out of the box in the second inning on account of his wildness and Hemming substituted. Scores:

At Cincinnati-(Attendance, 10,955.) H. E. Cincinnati...0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3-3 5 2 Baltimore....0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0-2 6 2 lane and Robinson.

Batteries-Sullivan, King and Murphy; Mul-At Chicago-(Attendance, 7,853.) Chicago ...... 3 1 0 1 1 1 0 2 0-9 17 2 | in those foreign climes, while the other Washington... 0 0 0 5 0 1 0 0 0-6 5 5 | European countries (they are connected as Batteries-McGill and Schriver; Esper and

At Louisville-(Attendance, 5,600.) Louisville ....4 3 7 1 0 0 2 1 1-19 21 3 Brooklyn .....1 4 2 0 0 0 0 1 0-8 9 9 Batteries-Rhodes, Hemming and Grim; Crane, Stein, Lovett and Kinslow.

Baseball at Muncis. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MUNCIE, Ind., July 9.-The Sprinfield. O., ball club and the Muncie team played here this afternoon. Until the fifth inning the game was very fine. Muncie then began to slaughter pitcher Cooch land he left the box after seven runs were scored in the seventh, with but one out. Pitcher Allen finished that inning and then Finney came in. Goar pitched finely. He eased up after the seventh and the visitors got two of their runs and six hits. Attendance,

Muncie.....1 0 0 0 3 2 10 2 0-18 17 2 Springfield..0 0 0 1 0 0 2 0 0- 3 9 7 Batteries-Muncie, Goar and Raffert: Springfield, Cooon and Hunter. Struck out-By Goar, 9; by Cooch, 2. Bases on balls—Off Goar, 2; off Kooch, 2; off Allen, 1; off Finney, 1. Earned runs—Muncie, 7; Springfield, 1. Bases stolen— Muncie, 7; Springfield, 5. Three-base hits—Mun-cie, 2. Two-base hits—Muncie, 3; Springfield, 1. Umpire-Oaster.

Danburys, 21; Shelbyvilles, 10. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., July 9.- The benches at the Riverside Baseball Park were packed this afternoon with spectators interested in watching a game between the Shelbyville Grays and the Indianapolis Danburys. The game was a good one. The Danburys showed themselves to be superior at the bat and a few fielding errors on the part of the Grays made a score of 21 to 10 for the Indianapolis team.

Switchmen's Strike Growing.

CLEVELAND, O., July 9 .- Five more switching crews in the city yards of the Lake Shore road struck to-day. This makes about sixty men out altogether. The company to-day decided to put new men at work in place of the strikers and a demand was made on the sheriff for protection. That official said be would furnish protection if somebody would guarantee the payment of deputies. This was due to the refusal of the County Commissioners to allow part of the claim for the services of deputies sworn in last summer during the street-railway strike.

A French "Deadbeat,"

NEW YORK, July 9 .- Among the passengers that arrived, to day, on the La Champagne from Hovre, was George Grandin. He is a correspondent of La Journal, of Paris, and started out to walk to the world's fair. He walked from Paris to Haure in two days, and there went aboard the steamer. He came over as a steerage passenger, and did odd jobs about the ship to work his passage. He will start to mor-row, afoot, for Chicago. He will "deadhead" his food and lodging. He expects to cover about fifty miles a day.

Butchered His Wife and Committed Suicide. WAUSEON, O., July 9 .- The most horrible murder and suicide that has ever shocked the people of this section was committed | yelled tariff reform, and the people who this morning at the home of Frank Bayes, supported Mr. Cleveland expect semething a well-known young farmer, living about of that color. When they cried tariff retwo miles southwest of Wauseon. The | form last fall there was not one speaker or

victims of the deed were the husband. Frank Bayes, and his twenty-six-year-old wife. Their four-year-old daughter narrowly escaped the ire of the murderous father. Mrs. Bayes was butchered in a horrible manner, her throat being cut from ear to ear, her arms and face fearfully hacked and her right leg almost severed from the body. The neighbors arrived in time to see the murderer shoot himself. Insanity is the supposed cause of the hor-

WHAT THE RECORDS "SHOW."

Administration Statement Concerning the Appointment and Removal of Postmasters. WASHINGTON, July 9.- The records of the Postoffice Department show that during the first four months of the present administration, ended July 4, 1893, the total number of presidential postmasters appointed was 434, as against 578 appointed during the first four months of Mr. Harrison's administration, and 323 during the first four months of Mr. Cleveland's former administration. As to the appointment of fourth-class postmasters, the records show that during the first four months of the present administration there were 5,730 made on resignations and death, and 3,226 on removals, making a total of 8,956, The number appointed on resignations and death during the corresponding period of Mr. Harrison's administration was 3,649. and on removals 7,460, making a total of 11,109. There were, therefore, 4,161 more fourth-class postmasters appointed on removals during the first four months of the last administration than during the corresponding period in this.

Denials by Jerry Simpson. WASHINGTON, July 9 .- Representative Jerry Simpson was shown, to-night, a dispatch from Topeka, Kan., stating that a deal had been made by the Populists of that State whereby he would become a candidate for Governor next year, and that Governor Lewelling would run for the senatorship to succeed Senator Martin. He said there was not a scintilla of truth in the story so far as he was concerned, and he doubted the statement regarding Gov. Lewelling's candidacy. "For the past three years," said Mr. Simpson, "a set of men at Topeka have made a business of sending out stories relating to the Populists and their movements wholly destitute of truth.' That, he added, was one style of the Kansas newspaper worker. Who they were was a mystery, as no one had been able to find them out. They had a clear field for such work, as the Populists had no daily organ in the State to contradict their errors, and they were telegraphed throughout the country and taken for granted by the average reader.

Regarding the illness of Senator Martin, of Kansas, the nature of which, it was reported, the physicians refused to make public, it was attributable, Mr. Simpson said, to overexertion by Senator Martin in endeavoring to look after the creat army of Kansas officeseekers that overwhelmed

THE BALANCE OF TRADE.

If It Is Against Us Under Protection, What Will Happen Under Free Trade?

To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal: The appended editorial paragraph ap-

peared in the Journal of the 7th: One year ago the balance of foreign trade was beavily in our favor, and the commercial and financial tide was strongly setting to American shores. Foreign capital and workmen were coming hither, and scarcely a week passed that some foreign manufacturing establishment did not announce its purpose of transferring its en-tire plant to the United States. Now all these conditions are reversed. The balance of foreign trade is against us, and we are debtor, instead of ereditor, to Europe. Foreign capital is not seek-ing investment here to any appreciable extent. For several months past no foreign manufactur-ing establishment has transferred its plant to this country, and the commercial and unancial tide does not set toward America. One year ago the country was enjoying Republican prosperity, while to-day it is in the midst of Democratic ad-

In this there is food for thought. It touches a line of argument which many of our leading newspapers deem advisable to discuss in a very gingerly manner. The balance of trade being against us is, in part, the cause of the present financial, stringency, or, since the President has "seen ht" to call Congress together, what some papers allude to as a rip-snorting panic. Since the balance of trade set in against us we have paid to European countries in the neighborhood of \$70,000,000 in gold. This balance of trade, the thing which has robbed us of so vast a sum of gold, is principally due to the poor condition of affairs which now exists in England and several other continental countries. An unsound system of finance temporarily stimulated trade in Australia and the Argentine Republic. Business boomed in those countries for awhile. Finally the day of settlement hove in sight-and very unexpectedly-and chaos soon reigned supreme. Men could not obtain money with which to liquidate, hence property (if the creditor was lucky in finding any) settlements resulted. All England was especially affected by the turn of affairs one spider web) were none the better off on account of the wear and tear. For some time Europe has been enjoying hard times. She feels poor, as it were, and her people are not buying any more goods than is absolutely necessary. This being the case, American goods find a poor market there at the present time. Until "times brace up" across the water we will find a market for just what is actually needed, unless prices of certain manufactured products fall below those of Europe, which are very low at present, and can and must remain so, because the average workman of the countries abroad (except England) occupies a lower plane than does the American workman. They are accustomed to living much cheaper, hence are content with low wages, which are now the order of the day. Besides the \$70,000,000 in gold which have left our shores to settle balances, a like amount has also slipped away during the past seventeen months, making \$140,000,000 in all. Of this latter sum it is fair to assume that a portion of it-say \$10,000,000 or \$15,000,000, the Lord only knows how much -went abroad as dividends on securities held by foreigners. But what became of the balance of it? Where did it go? Who received it? For what purpose was it used? Echo-well, even it is silent on the subject. There can be but one conclusion. Austria and Hungaria have recently adopted a single standard, a gold basis. They needed gold to build up a reserve. They have succeeded in obtaining a part of the amount necessary. Where did they get it! If they. or their agents, owned or became possessed of American securities (there are tens of millions held abroad), they could easily have converted them into greenbacks or coin certificates and had them redeemed in gold at the subtreasury in New York. The door of that institution is always open, and he who possesses that which is redeemable (green backs or coin certificates) can get the redeemer, gold. Our barn door always stands ajar, leaving the fast horse in more All toid, then, \$140,000,000 in gold have been shipped abroad. What was the re-

or less danger. sult? Our business could not stand so great a contraction of the currency. The money centers of the land soon saw what must follow, and began to hold their funds; money became tight. Firms were unable to negotiate loans to liquidate debts and to tide themselves over, hence succumbed to the fate which awaits business houses at such times. A few failures caused a lack of confidence. Then came runs on banks. And, now! The money of the country is locked up. And it will remain locked up until a restoration of confidence comes. When will that bef When failures cease, those things which invariably shake confidence. When will failures cease? When men can tide over the trouble. If unable to tide over, then, when insolvency ceases to be a thing of the present-when the natural outcome, as gauged by the past, stares us in the face-when the weak shall have been swept away. And yet some people lay the cause of the present crisis at the door of the Sherman law. If this is true, why not place it at the feet of Senator Sherman, and have done with it?

But to return to the question of balance of trade. Our Democratic friends are just now in a peck of trouble. They have been howling reform for so many years that the very garb which covers this tiger is made of the word; in fact, so accustomed have they become to howling reform that the word has lost its meaning. Last fall they

newspaser that knew how it would be brought about. They are now-that is, the administration-trying to figure a way out. The expenditures of the government must be met. The revenue collected is but little greater than these expenditures. To reduen the tariff requires either a reduction of expenditures or some new source of revenne. About the only plan, as yet, that has been suggested to reduce expenses is to cut down and wipe out the small pension received by the soldier who defended the flag. And this is being done under the guise of reform! The President is now sojourning at Buzzard's bay. He was accompanied to that famous haunt by a carload of statistics on how best to run an income tax. He still adheres to the idea of taxing incomes, not to curb the big fellow, but to assist in raising revenue so as to be enabled to reduce the tariff. With an income tax on one side and "pension reform" on the other, the tariff can be horizontalized with a vengeance. Then what? If the balance of trade cannot be maintained in our favor with a protective wall around the country, how in the name of common sense can Grover and this "reform" organization maintain it with that wall removed and foreign-made goods allowed to come in upon us by the thousands of ship loads? With the balance of trade constantly against us, how can this country maintain a gold reserve? Issue more bonds, which must be floated in Europe, where the interest, payable in gold, will go? Certainly. We would be doing nothing else but issuing bonds. Grover's way is a poor one. It would be rumous. It will not do.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 8. Result of Cieveland's Policy.

SIMON HATCHET.

New York Mail and Express. A President like Benjamin Harrison would have hastened to call Congress in special session and to have demanded from it the legislation that was needed by the business interests of the country. Mr. Cleveland was afraid that he might be injured in the estimation of some of the wild Western members of his party, and that the Democratic majority in Congress might be divided. Hence he postponed calling an extra session while he worked by indirection to secure some sort of a miserable compromise between the sound woney and fiat money elements of his party. What is the result? In four months the country has suffered a greater financial loss than two years of the great civil war cost. Mr. Cleveland-and possibly he regards this as the graver misfortune-finds himself as uncertain of the future and as despondent about the effect of the crisis on himself and his party as he was when the winds of March were howling.

Base Ingratitude.

Simeon Coy is spoken of as a Democratic candidate for councilman in Indianapolis at the coming election. The virtuous Sentinel makes a kick at the idea of favoring 'such a notoriously unfit man for any office." This is certainly the very highest kind of ingratitute after all Simeon has done for the party. Besides, can it be truly said that Simeon is any worse than other members of the party who are willingly supported by the Sentinel.

SPECIAL NOTICE-WORLD'S FAIR.

On and after Sunday, July 7, all through passenger trains on the Pennsylvania Lines-Panbandle Route-will run into and out from Chieago via Englewood, Grand Crossing and South Chicago. Inbound trains will stop at South Chicago, Grand Crossing and Englewood to discharge passengers and baggage, and outbound trains will stop at Englewood, Grand Crossing and South Chicago to receive passengers and baggage. Parties having hotel accommodations in the vicinity of the points named will find this arrangement very convenient.

W. F. BRUNNER, D. P. A., Indianapolis. THE NEW MORNING TRAIN

For Chicago and the World's Fair Via the Monon Route, Leaves daily, except Sunday, at 7 a. m. This train has parlor car attached, and seats can be reserved for same at 26 South Illinois street. The answering train leaves Chicago at 5 p. m., and arrives Indianapolis 11 p. m. This train also has parlor car. Other trains leave Indianapolis 12:01 noon, 4:20 p. m., 12:30 a. m. and

Excursion to the Seashore. Only \$15.80 round trip to Old Point Comfort from Indianapolis via Big Four and Chesapeake & Onio railways. Tickets will be sold for regular trains July 13, good returning until July 27. Stop-over privileges at Hot springs, White Sulphur Springs and other mountain resorts. Descriptive pamphlets and other information can be had by calling at Big Four office, corner of Meridian and Washington streets, or address A. S. Miller, T. P. A., Indianapolis, or C. B. Ryan. A. G. P. A., C. & O. Ry., Cincinnati, O.

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" Bas been used over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and is the best remeay for diarrhoa, whether arising from teething or other causes. For sale by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. 25c a bottle.

"ADMIRAL" Cigarettes designed especially for the better class trade and sold everywhere except by dealers controlled by a trust.

PLEASE to inquire, and you will find that Glenn's Sulphur Soap is held in the highest esteem, both by the people and the medical proishes. Sold by all druggists. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50c.

Parties contemplating a visit to the World's Fair, and desiring rooms within three minutes' walk of the main entrance, should write L. Smith, 5716 Rosalie Ct., Chicago.

## Millions.

Although millions of bottles of

Flavoring

are annually manufactured, there are hundreds of housewives who know nothing of their excellence from actual use. These flavorings are without

question the finest and purest of their kind manufactured in the world, and they will eventually be used as a luxury from one end of the countries of other

NOTICE-ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JULY 10, my paper hangers will hang wall and ceiling papers at a reduction of 2½ cents per single roil. H. C. STEVENS, 516 North Mississippi street. PERSONAL

at 133 South Meridian street, now being sold at about the cost of production. FOR SALE-REAL ESTATE. FOR SALE - REAL ESTATE - PLEASURE vehicles are so cheap, at 133 South Meridian street,

DERSONAL - WHY NOT RIDE THIS HOT

you cannot afford to walk. 100 styles to select from. FOR SALE-HORSES AND VEHICLES. FOR SALE - HORSES AND VEHICLES - 100 new and stylish vehicles for sale at about cost of production, to reduce stock. 133 South Meridian st.

ANNOUNCE MENT. A NNOUNCEMENT-OLD HATS AND RUBBER A repaired by WM. DEPUY. 47 Massachuset ts av

## Thousands of Dollars I spent trying to find a



cure for Salt Rheum, which I had 13 years. Physicians said they never saw so severe a case. My legs, back and arms were covered by the humor. I was unable to lie down in bed, could not walk without crutches, and had to

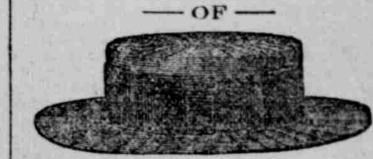
Mr. S. G. Derry. have my arms, back and legs bandaged twice a day. I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and soon I could see a change. The flesh became more healthy, the sores soon healed, the scales fell off, I was soon able to give up bandages and crutches, and a happy man I was. I had been taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla

for seven months; and since that time, 2 years, I have worn no bandages whatever and my legs and arms are sound and well." S. G. DERRY, 45 Bradford St., Providence, R. I. HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation,

-THE-

biliousness, jaundice, and sick headache. Try them.



STRAW: HATS

In the City.

23 West Washington St.

White Sulphur Springs MONTEZUMA, IND.

Remember while you are suffering the heat that the RIVERSIDE HOTEL is the coolest and best ventilated hotel in Indiana. A dive in the great pool cools down the blood and makes you comfortable.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS. We have removed to new and commodious quarters. Perfect privacy and convenience assured. Chapel and Morgue in charge of lady attendant.

172 North Illinois Street.

SAYLES-Oney Sayles, father of Charles F. Sayles, at 3:45 p. m., July 9, aged eighty-six years. Funeral services from his late residence, 907 North Delaware street, Monday, at 1:30 p.m. Interment in Central New York.

SHAW-Ida May, daughter of B. C. and Elizabeth

A. Shaw, at 124 Spann avenue, July 9, at 4 p. m., aged twenty-four years, nine month and twenty-six days. Funeral from the residence on Tuesday, at 9 o'clock a. m. Friends invited. FUNERAL NOTICE. MARTHENS-Mrs M. E. Funeral from residence, 612 North Illinois street, Monday, July 10, at COFFIN-The funeral of Elizabeth H. Coffin, late

wife of Charles E. Codin, will occur Tuesday mera-ing, at 10 o'clock, July 11, at the family residence, corner of Seventh and Pennsylvania streets. SOCIETY NOTICE. MASONIC-MYSTIC TIE LODGE, NO. 398, F. M and A. M .- Stated meeting in Masonic Temple, at 8 o'clock this evening.

WILLIS D. ENGLE. Secretary.

STOLEN. STOLEN-DARK CHESTNUT SORREL, WITH hind legs whi e to the knees, white slit in his face; hitched to an end-spring Fostoria buggy, full leather top, nearly new. Liberal reward for any information. 202 West Washington street.

CHARLES P. LESH, W. M.

LOUND - RETAILED AT WHOLESALE I prices all kinds light vehicles at 133 South Me-

WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS. WANTED - AN EXPERIENCED PANT, shirt and overall salesman. One who has a trade and can sell goods can get a good position, with proper references. Address "WABASH," care Jour-nal

WANTED -A WOMAN COOK FOR PLAIN domestic cookery, family of about twenty persons; salary, \$25 per month. Apply ALEXANDER JOHNSON, Superintendent School Feeble-minded Youth, Fort Wayne, Ind.

FINANCIAL.

LOANS - MONEY ON MORTGAGES. C. F
SAYLES, 75 East Market street. MONEY TO LOAN-6 PER CENT. HORACE MCKAY, Room 11, Talbott & New's Block. MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES-TERMS reasonable. At Thorpe's Block, East Market street. MCGILLIARD & DARK. LOANS-MONEY ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, jewelry, without publicity. CITY LOAN OF. FICE, 57 West Washington street.

C. E. COFFIN & CO., 90 East Market street. MONEY TO LOAN ON FARMS AT THE LOW-est market rate; privileges for payment before due. We also buy municipal 5 nds. THOS. C. DAY & CO., 72 East Market street, Indianapolis.

Y OANS-SUMS OF \$100 TO \*100,000.

FOR RENT.

TO LET-240 NORTH PENNSYLVANIA ST. I modern house of eleven rooms, furnished. Inquire of JOHN C. WRIGHT, Wright's Block. TO LET - AFTER SECURING A HOUSE GO to 133 South Meridian street and secure a pleasure vehicle. 100 styles to select from at cost prices. DOR RENT-CHICAGO-LARGE, ELEGANT. I' ly furnished rooms; private family; use of bath, etc.; ten minutes r.de World's Fair Grounds; all conve iences. For particulars address MRS. JOHN VOORHEES, 7210 Wentworth ave., Englewood, Ill

TOR RENT-HOTEL IN INDIANAPOLIS-65 rooms. Central location. New throughout. Ad dress H. C. LONG.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS. FOR SALE-HORSES AND MULES. CITI-COR SALE-GAAR, SCOTT & CO. PORTABLE Threshing Engine. Cheap for cash. Indianapo-LOR SALE-100 PLEASURE VEHICLES-ALL I styles retailed at wholesale prices, to reduce stock. 133 South Meridian street. FOR SALE-LADIES' BICYCLE-3135 WHEEL for \$75. Wheel is in excellent condition, having been used but a few months. Address H., Journal.

FOR SALE. LOR SALE-VEHICLES AT COST PRICES TO

RENNER'S

The Purest, Healthiest and Most Nutritious

## COFFEE in THE WORLD

A Summer Drink-hot or cold. Ask your grocer for it.

